Andhra Pradesh, Arunachal Pradesh, Assam, Bihar, Goa, Gujarat, Haryana, Himachal Pradesh, Karnataka, Kerala Madhya Pradesh, Maharashtra, Manipur, Mizoram, Nagaland, Orissa, Punjab, Rajasthan, Sikkim, Tamil Nadu, Tripura, Uttar Pradesh Andaman & Nicobar Administration, Chandigarh Administration, Delhi, Administration, Daman & Diu, Lakshadweep and Pondicherry have taken appropriate action on most of the recommendations. Police' being a State subject, the majority of the recommendations of the Commission pertain to the areas with which State Governments are concerned. As regards the action required to be taken by the Central Government, decisions on most of such recommendations have already been taken.

Human Rights Education to Police Authorities, etc.

1010. SHRI MURLIDHAR CHANDRAKANT BHANDARE: Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) whether Government have any scheme of imparting human rights education to the police authorities security forces and other law enforcing agencies for the protection and promotion of human rights; and

(b) if so, what are the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI MUFTI MOHAMMAD SAYEED): (a) and (b) According to the Seventh Schedule to the Constitution of India, Police is a State subject. Accoordingly it is upto the State Governments/ Union Territories Administrations to arrange Police Training. However, from time to time, Government of India issues broad guidelines to the State Governments/Union Territoies for their consideration. The subjects that are included in the curriculum tend to emphasise human rights and the exercise of this right in the Society. It is not only necessary that the police should have the requisite professional knowledge and skills but also essential that the police officials should have the proper attitudinal and ethical approach in the performance of their duties. Therefore, adherence to moral values, the rule of law, justice and fair play etc. has been stressed at all levels of the police, including during training & refresher courses. Adequate grounding in the law of the Constitution of India apart from other relevant legislations, including social laws, is an integral part of the training syllabi and curriculum during training of all ranks of police officers. Training is imparted in subjects like, among-others, personality development and ethical behaviour, understanding of police environment, management concepts and techniques and the Human Rights behaviour and Police Organisations etc.

Division of DTC into Zonal Corporations

1011. SHRI MURLIDHAR CHANDRAKANT BHANDARE:
DR. RATNAKAR PANDEY:

Will the Minister of SURFACE TRANSPORT be pleased to state:

(a) whether there is a proposal to divide the DTC into a number of zonal corporations to ensure efficiency and smooth running of State buses in Delhi; and

(b) if so, what are the details of the proposal and the steps taken in this regard so far?

THE MINISTER OF SURFACE TRANSPORT WITH ADDITIONAL CHARGE OF THE MINISTRY OF COMMUNICATIONS (SHRI K. P. UNNIKRI-

SHNAN): (a) and (b) One of the recommendations made by the Committee on Re-organization of Delhi set-up in its report submitted in December, 1989 is that keeping in view the increase in the operations and staff strength of the DTC, it may be split into two or more corporations depending on the operational needs of the various areas to be served and their compactness. No decision on the report of the Committee has been taken.

Preventive Detention Laws

1012. PROF. SOURENDRA BHATTACHARJEE: Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) what is the position of Government regarding repressive laws like NSA, ESMA providing for preventive detention; and

(b) whether all such laws are proposed to be removed from the Statute Book ?

THE MINISTER OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI MUFTI MOHAMMAD SAYEED): (a) and (b) There is no proposal at present under consideraion of the Government for removing these laws from the Statute Book.

Visit of Fairfax Chief to India

1013. SHRI PAWAN KUMAR BANSAL: Will the Minister of HOME AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) whether Mr. Hershman, Chief of an American detective agency, Fairfax came to India recently under an assumed name;

(b) if so, what are the details in this regard; and

(c) what was the purpose of his visit and what are the names of Indians he met here?

THE MINISTER OF HOME AFFAIRS (SHRI MUFTI MOHAMMAD SAYEED): (a) We have no information.

(b) and (c) Do not arise.

Raising of Kashmir Issue

1014. SHRI K.V. THANGKABALU: Will the Minister of EXTERNAL AFFAIRS be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that Pakistan's delegation to the 46th session of the UN Commission on Human Rights, again raised the so-called 'Kashmir Issue' under the agenda item on 'self determination'; and

(b) if so, in what terms and context the issue was raised and what was Indian delegation's reaction thereto ?

THE MINISTER OF EXTERNAL AFFAIRS (SHRI I. K. GUJRAL): (a) Yes, Sir.

(b) The Pakistan delegation mentioned the alleged denial of the right of self-determination to the People of Jammu & Kashmir. The Indian delegation promptly & strongly refuted the Pakistani allegation, making the following points:—

(1) Jammu & Kashmir is an integral part of India; the right of self determination is not capable of being applied to integral parts of an independent and sovereign State. The only issue remaining to be resolved is the vacation by Pakistan of territory of Jammu & Kashmir illegally occupied by it.

(2) India stands by its commitment to work for normalisation of relations between India and Pakistan under Simla Agreement by peaceful and bilateral means.

(3) The forum of the Commission on Human Rights should not be used to discuss extraneous issues.